

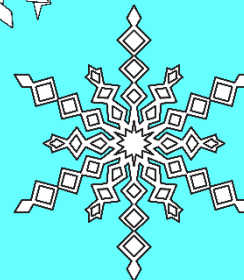
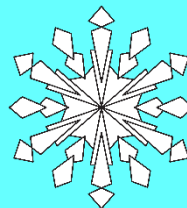
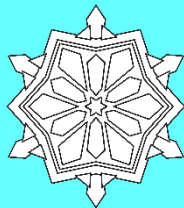
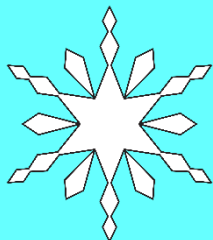
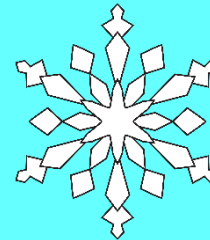
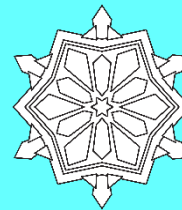
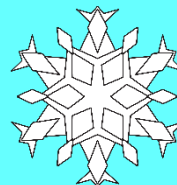
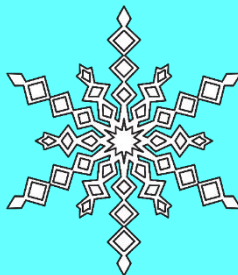
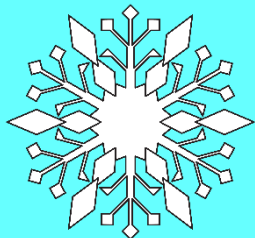
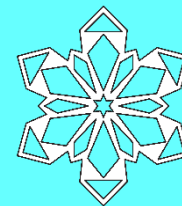
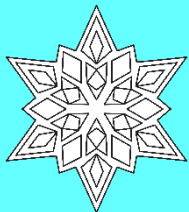
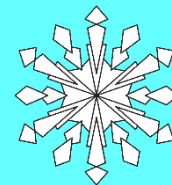
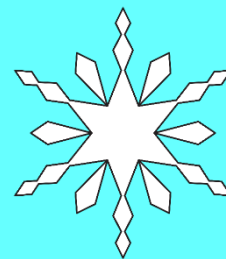
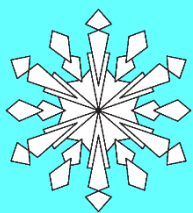
CALENDAR DE ADVENT

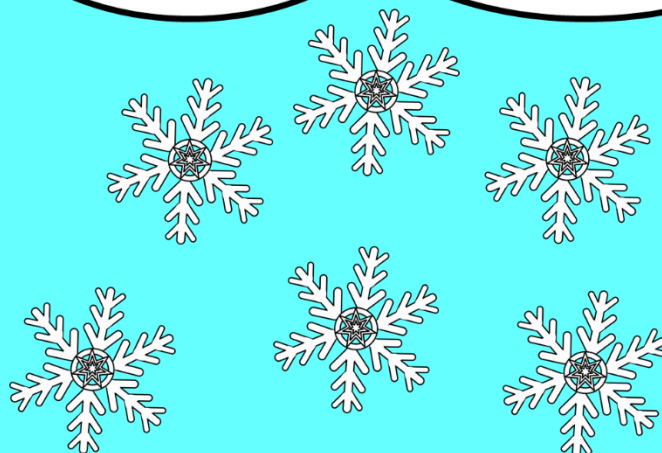
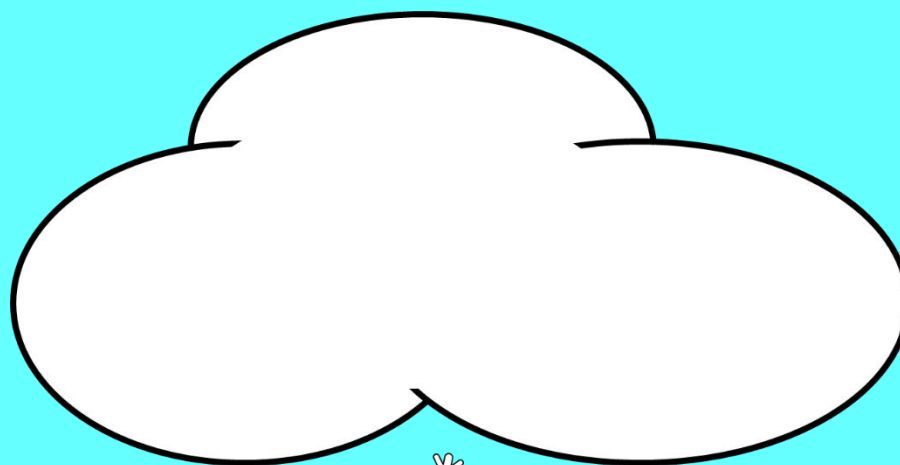
De Claudia Goga



Ziua 1

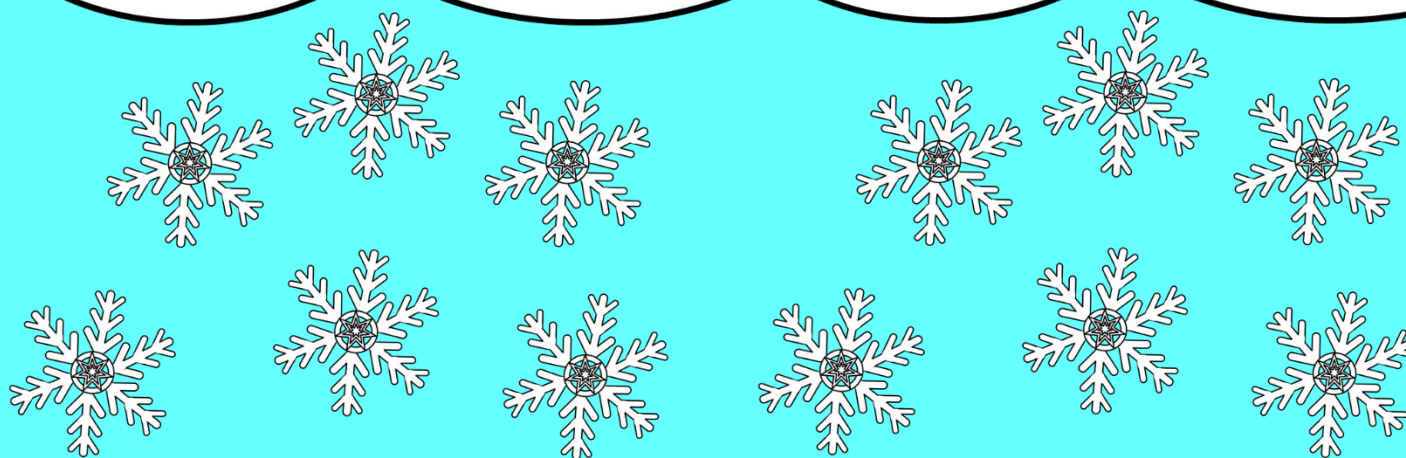
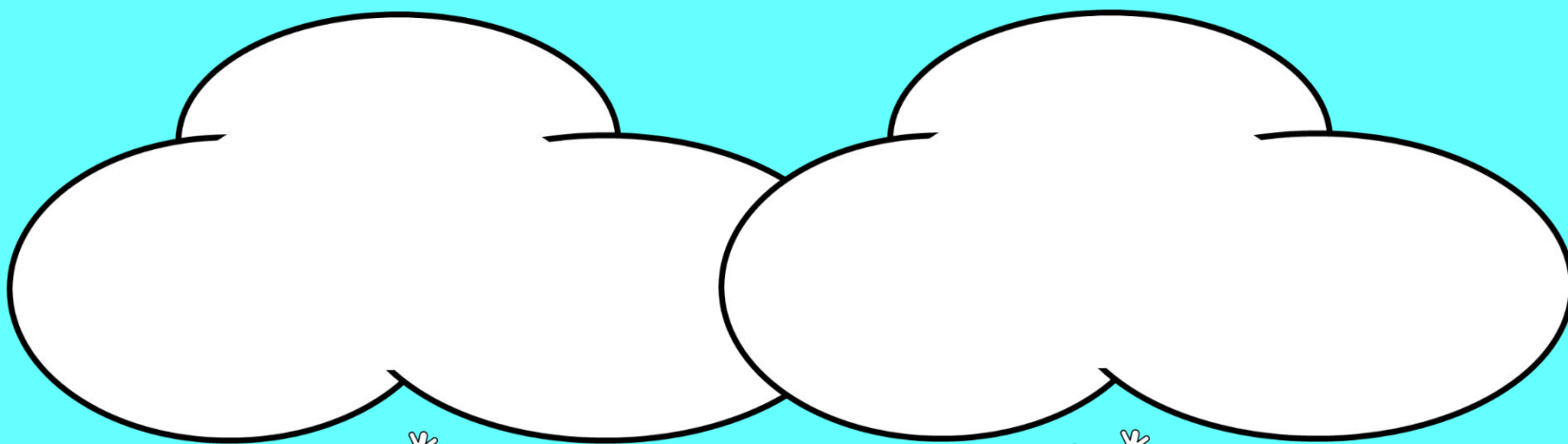
FULGII





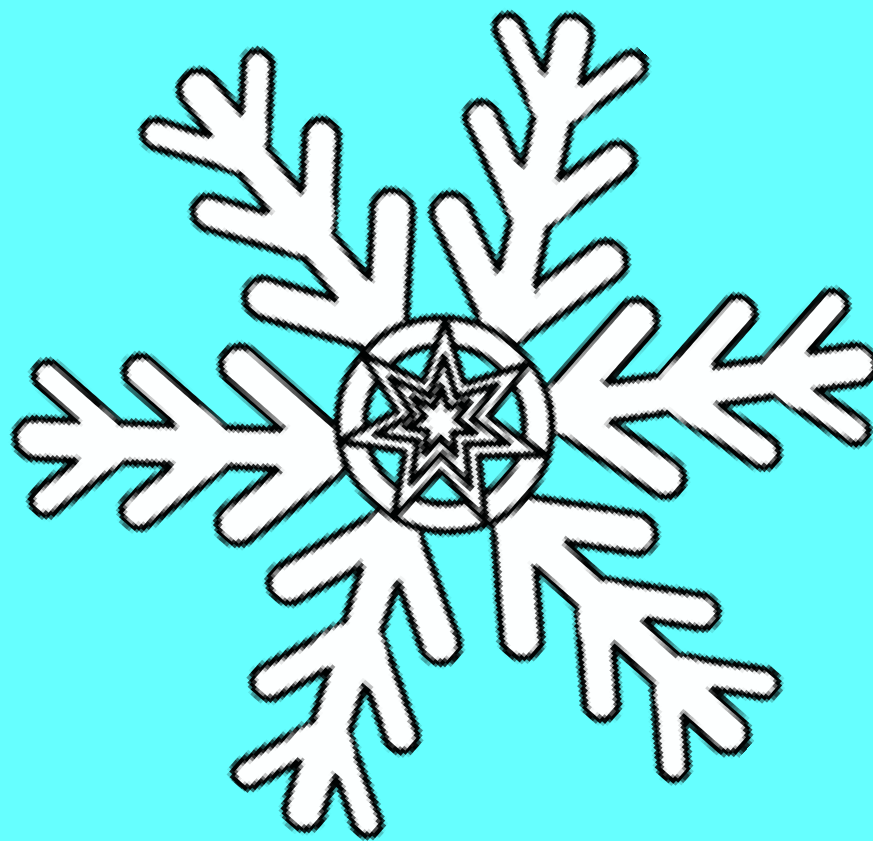
Iarna începe să ningă.





Din norii albi, pufoși, cad steluțe de nea.





Fulgul se formează când o picătură foarte rece de apă îngheață.





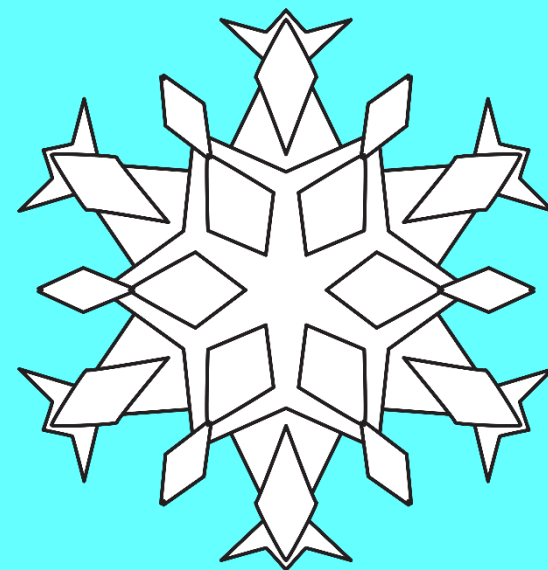
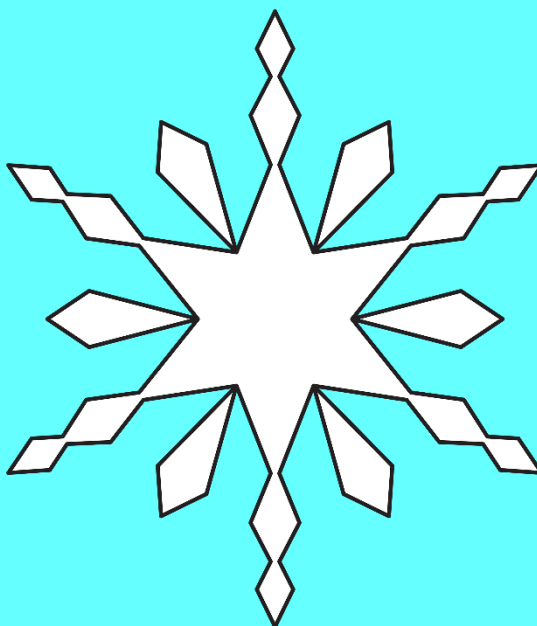
**Picătura de apă îngheață în jurul unei
particule de polen sau praf.**





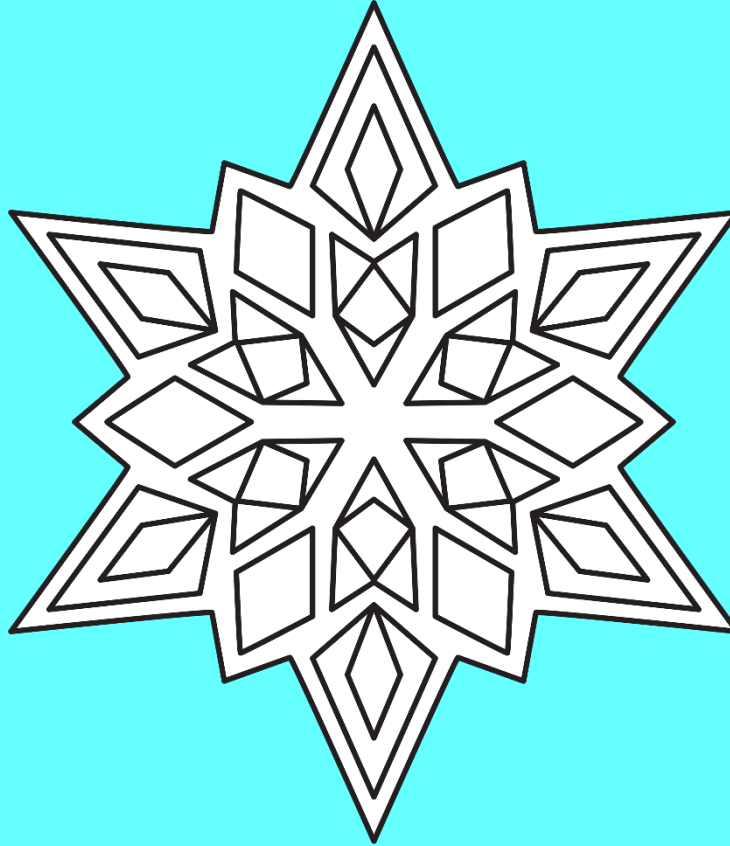
Wilson Bentley este primul om care a reușit să fotografieze fulgi, în 15.01.1885.





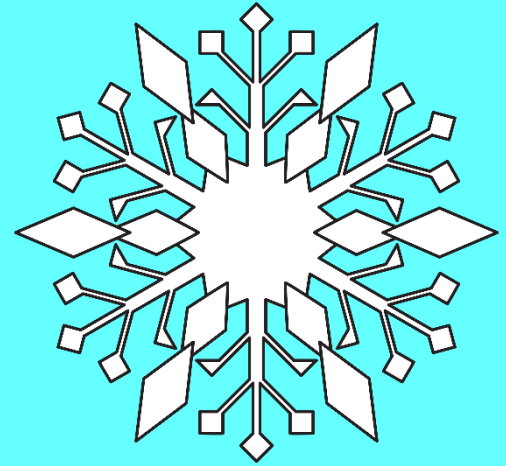
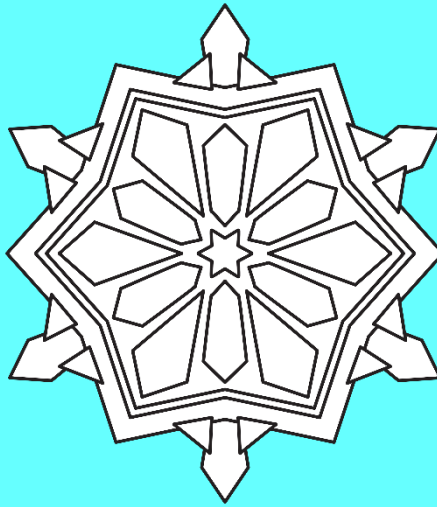
Fulgii sunt unici, fiecare are un model diferit.





Mărimea obișnuită a unui fulg de nea este de 7-10 cm lățime.





Cercetătorii consideră că există 35 de tipuri de fulgi.





Căzând din cer cu nemiluita, fulgii se
aștern formând zăpada.





**Acest filmuleț este
realizat de către
<https://teachers-make.com>**

Clipart

**[Little bumble-bees class Teaching Resources](#)
[| Teachers Pay Teachers](#)**

**Ne găsiți cu mai multe materiale pe
<https://teachers-make.com>**